**Language Awareness for Key Stage 3**Assignment 4

1. Which of these languages does not have a genitive case?
   1. Chinese
   2. German
   3. Irish
   4. Japanese
   5. Polish
2. In Finnish, *raha* means ‘money’. *Raha* is in the nominative case; the abessive case form is *rahatta*. What does *rahatta* mean?  
   Without money
3. Which of these languages has only an indefinite article?
   1. Finnish
   2. French
   3. Greek
   4. Latin
   5. Turkish
4. In Finnish, *ui koira* means ‘a dog swam’. What does *koira lauloi* mean?  
   The dog sang
5. Which of these languages uses a definite article with proper names?
   1. Chinese
   2. French
   3. Greek
   4. Latin
   5. Turkish
6. Which of these nouns is most commonly a count noun?
   1. Clothing
   2. Cloud
   3. Foliage
   4. Money
   5. Sunlight
7. Which of these parts of speech can agree with nouns?
   1. Adjectives
   2. Adverbs
   3. Complementizers
   4. Conjunctions
   5. Interjections
8. How many determiners show agreement in English?  
   2  
     
   Consider the following Latin sentences. Pay special attention to the endings of the words.  
   *Maria emit Iohanni librum* ‘Mary bought John a book’  
   *Maria faenum emit*  ‘Mary bought hay’  
   *Taurus edit faenum* ‘A bull ate the hay’  
   *Iohannes dedit piscem Mariae* ‘John gave Mary a fish’
9. What does *Emit Iohannes taurum* mean?  
   ‘John bought a bull’
10. What does *Iohannem edit piscis* mean?  
    ‘A fish ate John’